EUROPEAN ANTIBIOTIC AWARENESS DAY
A EUROPEAN HEALTH INITIATIVE

Progress towards 2030 targets[i] to combat antimicrobial resistance -2026 update[ii]-

(2025 data)

ecdc
EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL

Italy

Target achieved | Progress | Regress

Reduce by 18% the total consumption of antibiotics in humans Defined daily doses (DDDs) per 1 000 inhabitants per day	2019 baseline	21.7	-
	2025	21.2	-2.2%
	2030 TARGET	17.8	-18% from 2019 baseline
At least 65% of the total consumption of antibiotics in humans belongs to the 'Access' group of antibiotics As defined in the AWaRe classification of the WHO *Percentage point difference from 2019.	2019 baseline	48.9%	-
	2025	51.4%	+2.5%*
	2030 TARGET	65%	+16.1%*
Reduce by 18% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with meticillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	13.42	-
	2025	10.27	-23.5%
	2030 TARGET	11.00	-18% from 2019 baseline
Reduce by 12% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with third-generation cephalosporin-resistant *Escherichia coli* Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	22.96	-
	2025	24.61	+7.2%
	2030 TARGET	20.20	-12% from 2019 baseline
Reduce by 5% the total incidence of bloodstream infections with carbapenem-resistant *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Number per 100 000 population	2019 baseline	8.43	-
	2025	10.00	+18.6%
	2030 TARGET	8.01	-5% from 2019 baseline

i- Council Recommendation targets on stepping up EU actions to combat antimicrobial resistance in a One Health approach (2023/C 220/01)
ii- Full data available in ECDC Annual Epidemiological Reports on antimicrobial resistance and antimicrobial consumption